Nebraska's Energy Code: The Intersection of Building and Energy Codes

Nebraska Energy Code Training Program Instructor: Matt Belcher January 12, 2023: 10 a.m. – 11:30 a.m. CST







Housekeeping

- Attendees are muted upon entry
- Enter questions in the chat box
- This training is being recorded
- Slides and recording will be emailed to attendees and posted on the MEEA website
- CEUs are provided (ICC and AIA)
- Email Corie at <u>canderson@mwalliance.org</u> with any questions







Our Instructor





Matt Belcher matt@verda-solutions.com







About MEEA

The Trusted Source on Energy Efficiency

- Nonprofit membership organization with 160+ members
- Serves 13 Midwest states
- Resource and champion for energy efficiency
- Our mission: advancing energy efficiency in the Midwest for sustainable economic development and environmental stewardship







Nebraska Energy Codes Training Program

- Goal: prepare the Nebraska workforce for upcoming changes in construction best practices
- Residential and Commercial Energy Code
- Focused on providing training to builders, code officials, design professionals, public officials and students
- For more information, visit: <u>https://www.mwalliance.org/nebraska-energy-codes-</u> <u>training-program</u>







Poll Question #1

- What is your profession?
 - Student
 - Academic
 - Residential Builder
 - Commercial Builder
 - Energy Rater/Consultant
 - Code Official
 - State/Local Government
 - Non-profit
 - Utility
 - Other (type in chat)







Poll Question #2

- How much experience do you have in the construction industry?
 - 0-5 years
 - 6-10 years
 - 11-15 years
 - 16-20 years
 - 21+ years







Poll Question #3

- How familiar are you with the commercial provisions in the 2018/21 IECC?
 - Extremely Familiar
 - Somewhat Familiar
 - Somewhat Unfamiliar
 - Not familiar at all







Building Code History







"Legacy Codes"





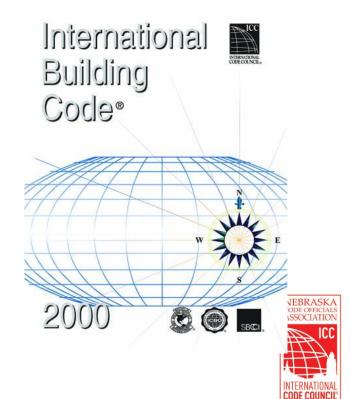
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NEBRASKA code officials association

Building Code History

- The first edition of the International Building Code (IBC) was published in 2000 by the International Code Council (ICC)
- Combines the three model building codes published by BOCA, ICBO and SBCCI









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Nebraska Residential Field Study

- Conducted in 2017 by Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy. 2009 IECC was the baseline.
- Collected and analyzed several data points for new homes, including:
 - Envelope air leakage
 - Efficacy in lighting
 - Duct leakage
 - Ceiling & exterior wall insulation
 - Basement & slab insulation
 - Windows

For More Information and Data:

https://www.energycodes.gov/sites/default/files/documents/Nebraska_Residenti al_Compliance_Evaluation_final.pdf

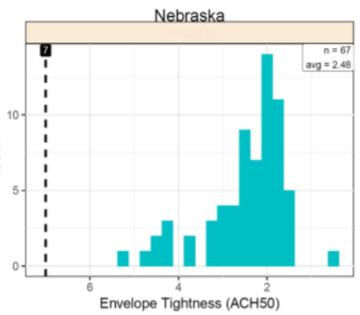






Nebraska Residential Field Study -Results

- Overall, not too bad! But room to improve.
 - Envelope Air Leakage: Better than code(; ACH50)
 - Not all would meet 2018 IECC
 - Efficacy in Lighting: Average; some good some not
 - Duct Leakage: Ugh!
 - Needs significant improvement to meet 2018 IECC
 - Ceiling Insulation:
 - Amount: Good+ (Average: R-42.5)
 - Install: Not as good. Reduces compliance (R-factor)









IECC and IBC

 Chapter 13 in the International Building Code (IBC) references the energy efficiency requirements found in the IECC



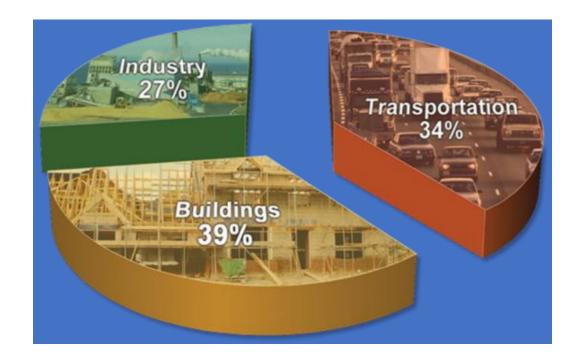






Why are Energy Codes Important?

- Reduces energy use of buildings
- Impacts energy use for the life of a building
 - Most cost-effective to implement during initial design and construction
- Benefits building owners and operators by guaranteeing a minimum of efficiency
- Health and resilience benefits to building owners and occupants









The Energy Code and Building Energy Efficiency



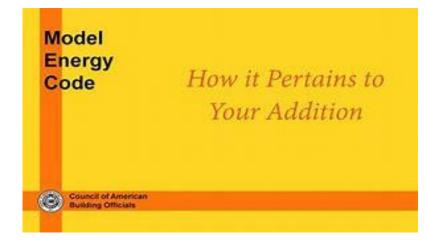


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The Energy Code

- Model Energy Code (MEC) developed in 1983 under a U.S. Dept of Energy Contract
- Editions of the MEC released from 1983-1995
- Title changed to International Energy Conservation Code in 1998









International Energy Conservation Code (IECC)

- Developed by the International Code Council
 - Robust stakeholder process
 - Proposed changes accepted from all parties
- New editions published every 3 years

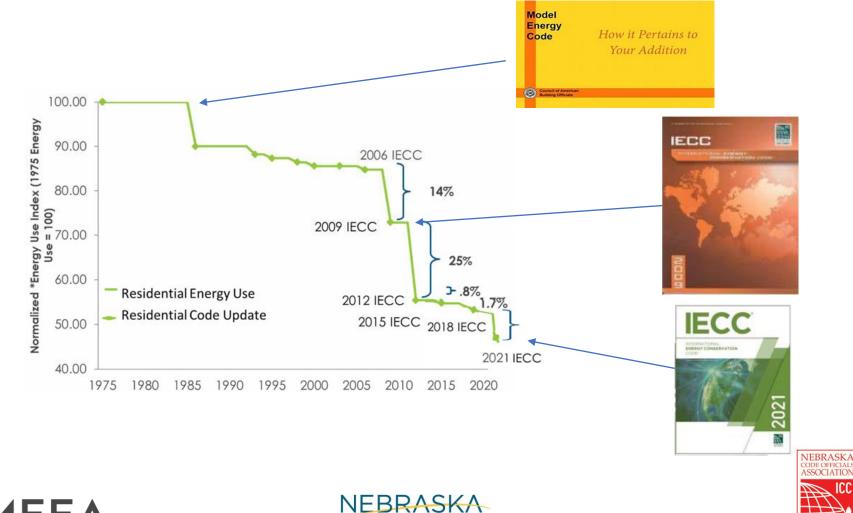








Energy Code Background





Good Life. Great Resources.

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CODE COUNCI

The Energy Code is Everywhere

- Unlike most other codes, the energy code directly impacts the work of many disparate building trades and systems, including:
 - Framing/Envelope
 - Plumbing
 - HVAC
 - Electric
 - Moisture management
 - Concrete
 - Caulking



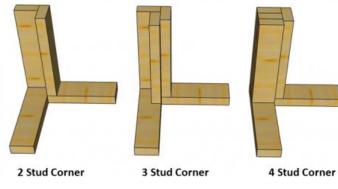




Life Great Resources

Advanced Framing

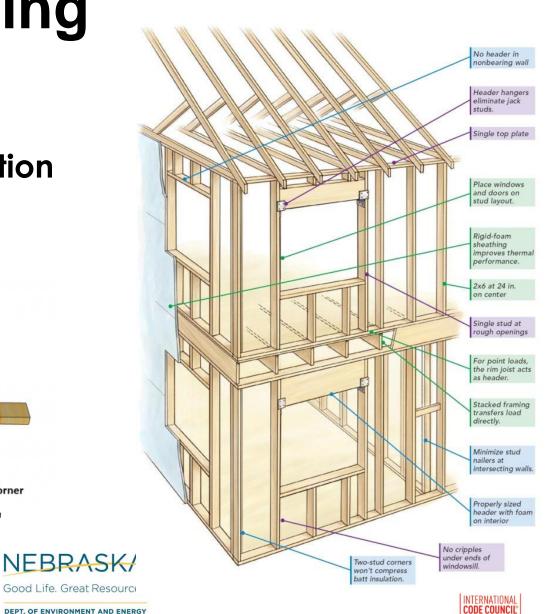
- Everything lines up!
- 2x6 framing @ 24" centers
- Fewer studs = more insulation
 - = better efficiency



Corner Framing Stud Configurations

Image: greenbuildingadvosor.com; builderscalculator.com





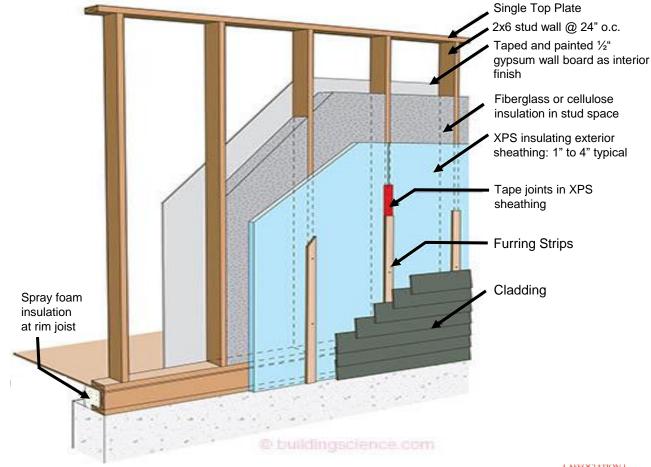
Continuous Insulation - Typical Framing

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Good Life. Great Resources

Image: buildingscience.com

- Typical wall with continuous insulation on the exterior
- Be sure to **seal all seams** in continuor insulation
- Stud cavity can accommodate various types of insulation







Key Energy Code Components

- Insulation R-value (ceiling, wall, foundation)
- Insulation installation quality
- Continuous air barrier/sealing and testing
- Efficient windows
- Mechanical ventilation
- HVAC system sizing location detailing
- Envelope testing
- Efficient lighting & verification testing







2018 IECC

- Advances Energy Code approximately 28% over the 2009 IECC
- Residential and Commercial provisions
- Testing and verification required
- Equipment details and location identified.
- Design/performance verification of lighting controls
- Adds an appendix for "Solar Ready Zones"







Commercial Buildings in the IECC

Under the Purview of the Commercial Code

- $\checkmark\,$ Buildings with commercial use
- Multifamily residential buildings four stories or greater in height

Not Under the Purview of the Commercial Code

- × One- and two-family residential
- × R-2, R-3, R-4 three stories or less in height









New in 2018: Two Commercial Compliance Options



ASHRAE 90.1-2016

Alternative Method to IECC ANSLASHRAEIES Standard 90.1-2016 (dependen Artikal-MARIES standard 90.1-2019 Incudes Artikal-MARIES addents litter in Agendic H Energy Standard for Buildings

Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings (I-P Edition)

See Appendix IN for approval dons by the AD-INAE Standards Committee, the AD-INAE Stand of Directors, the IES Sour of Directors, and the American National Standards Institute.

STANDARI

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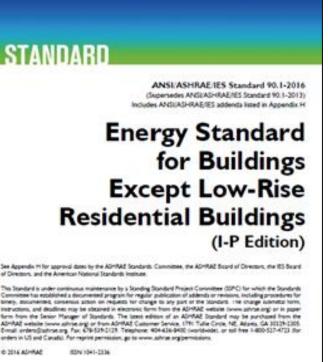






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Structure of Standard 90.1-2016





- . Purpose
- 2. Scope
- 3. Definitions, Abbreviations & Acronyms
- 4. Administration and Enforcement
- 5. Building Envelope
- 6. Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning
- 7. Service Water Heating
- 8. Power
- 9. Lighting
- 10. Other Equipment
- 1. Energy Cost Budget Method
- 12. Normative References







Moisture Management

It Connects EVERYTHING!





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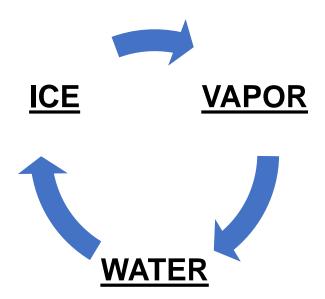
Prioritizing Moisture Movement

#1 – Bulk Water

#2-Capillary Water

#3 – Air-Transported Moisture

#4 – Diffusive Moisture Movement









Bulk Water Management – Priority #1





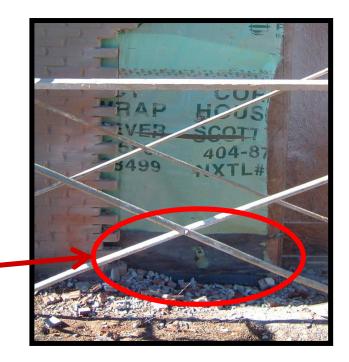






Properly Lap Flashing

• The mason's flashing (black) was installed after and in front of the house wrap (green). This is reverse flashing that will trap any drain water that gets past the brick veneer.







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Always Allow For Drying

Exterior Conditions

Temperature: 80° F Relative Humidity: 75% Vapor Pressure: 2.49 kPa **Conditions Within Cavity** Temperature: 120° F Relative Humidity: 100% Vapor Pressure: 11.74 kPa Interior Conditions Temperature: 75° F Relative Humidity: 60% Vapor Pressure: 1.82 kPa

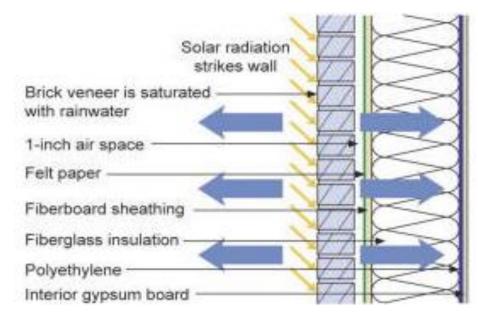


Image by Building Science Corp.





Vapor is driven both inward and outward by a high vapor pressure differential between the brick and interior and the brick and exterior



IECC and IMC

 Whole-house mechanical ventilation required by energy code

 Ventilation rate and equipment requirements in the International Mechanical Code (IMC)









HVAC Design and Loads

Oversized systems:

- Less comfort
- Less efficient
- Poorly handles moisture
- Premature equipment failure

Right-sized systems:

- Better operating efficiencies
- Greater comfort
- Healthier indoor environments
- Better moisture control







HVAC Design and Loads



- Properly designed HVAC systems rely on scientific criteria and a systematic method to match the loads required for health and comfort:
 - ACCA Manual J Residential Load Calculation
 - ACCA Manual S Residential Equipment Selection
 - ACCA Manual D Residential Duct Systems
- Reports should be submitted with permit application







HVAC Load Calculations Section C403.1.1 (Mandatory)

- Heating and cooling load sizing calculations required:
- ASHRAE/ACCA Standard 183

- OR -

• Other approved computation procedures – defined in Chapter 3

- Interior design conditions specified by Section C302
 - \leq 72°F for heating load
 - \geq 75°F for cooling load
- Loads reduced from energy recovery systems utilized in the HVAC system shall be accounted for in accordance with the ASHRAE HVAC Systems and Equipment Handbook







Ventilation Section C403.2.2 (Mandatory)

- Natural and mechanical ventilation to be provided in accordance with Chapter 4 of the IMC
- If mechanical: system to provide the capability to reduce outdoor air supply to minimum required by IMC Chapter 4







Equipment and System Sizing Section C403.3.1 (Mandatory)

• Output capacity of heating and cooling equipment only SHALL NOT be greater than calculated loads

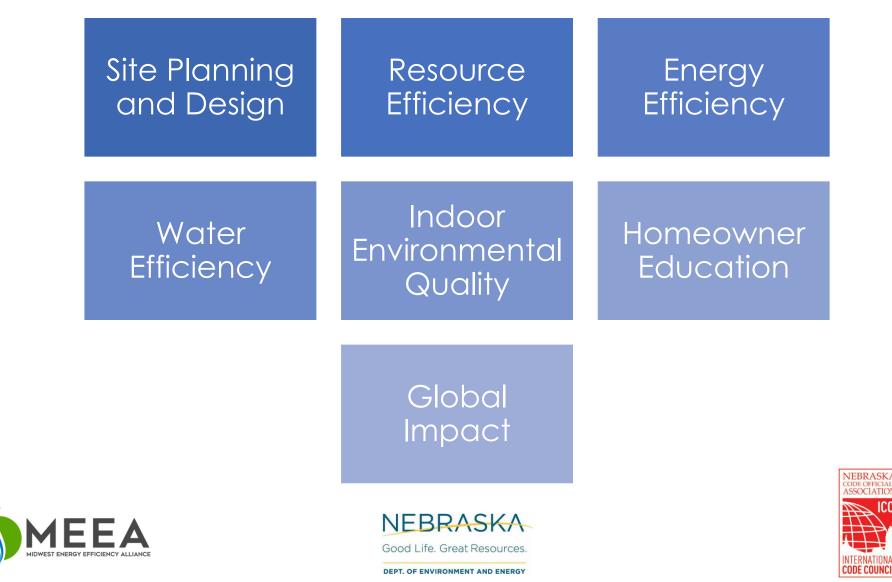
 Select the system which serves the greater load – heating or cooling







Holistic Approach to Building



Establishing a Knowledgeable Team

- Begins with /Builder/Design Professional
- Customer/Client
- Building Trades
- Suppliers/Sub-contractors
- Certifications
 - LEED-AP
 - ICC







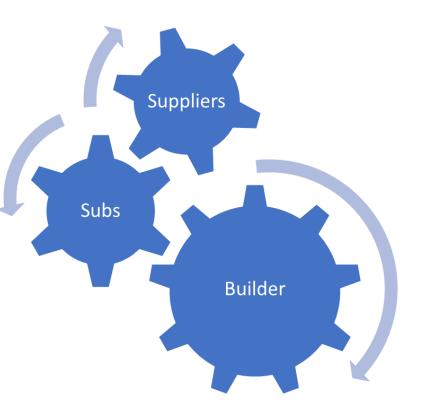
Establishing a Knowledgeable Team





Establishing a Knowledgeable Team

 It takes about 90 people directly and indirectly to construct an average building









Existing Buildings Section C503 - Alterations

- Code applies to any new construction
 - Additions or new work in existing structures
- Unaltered portion(s) may not need to comply
- When complying via ASHRAE 90.1-2016, alterations do not need to comply with C402-C405
- Where existing building exceeds fenestration area limitations of Section C402.4.1 prior to alteration, building is exempt from C402.4.1 provided there is no increase in fenestration area



mage: montgomerycountymd.gov







Major Building Envelope Protection Systems

- Water Barrier
- Air Barrier
- Thermal Barrier
- Vapor Profile (not just the designated vapor retarder)
- Maintenance documents







Ventilation and Air Sealing

- Both natural and mechanical ventilation provide fresh air that can dilute and remove indoor pollutant levels
- Per the IMC/IRC, mechanical ventilation is required when homes are <5 ACH 50
 - Need to do a blower door test to determine leakage rate
 - Liability concerns when not performed
- A blower door test measures a building's existing air leakage
- Can not design a code compliant system without knowing air leakage







Courtesy of AC Tool Supply, Inc.



"You don't get what you expect, you get what you inspect!"









Looking Ahead:



- IECC changes to The National Energy Standard as of 2024.
- Uses 2021 IECC as a baseline.
- Introduces Carbon Impact into the conversation.
- On a trajectory for Net Zero Energy as of 2030.







Appraisals and Resale Value

Business Impacts

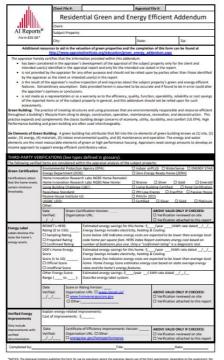


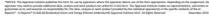




Residential Green and Energy Efficient Addendum

- Resources for realtors and appraisers on properly valuing energy efficiency/green features
 - Educational materials
 - List of designated appraisers
 - Trainings
- For more information: <u>http://www.appraisalinstitute.org/education/gre</u> <u>en_energy_addendum.aspx</u>













Questions?









Duct and Envelope Tightness (DET) Verifier Training and Train-the-Trainer

• Free

- In-person in Lincoln, NE
- Become DET certified in 2 days or learn to train others in 3 days!
- Tuesday January 24 Thursday 26
- 9a.m. 5p.m.
- ICC/AIA CEUs and certificate provided



For more info or questions contact Corie Anderson at <u>canderson@mwalliance.org</u>







Thank you!

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